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THE DELICIOUS APPLE AND THE ROCHESTER PEACH LEAD ALL OTHERS OF THEIR KIND

THE NEW ROCHESTER PEACH—HIGH QUALITY—DELICIOUS FLAVOR—LARGEST SIZE. See page 8

LARGE, HANSONME APPLES OF THE VERY HIGHEST QUALITY—DELICIOUS. See page 3
Please Forward the Articles named below, subject to Conditions Stated in Your Catalog

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Post Office</th>
<th>Street, P.O. Box</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Express or Freight Office</th>
<th>SEND BY</th>
<th>P.O. Order $</th>
<th>Exp. M. O. $</th>
<th>Draft $</th>
<th>Cash $</th>
<th>Remittance in Above Forms Preferred</th>
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</table>

**Very Important**—No matter how many times you have written to us before, always give your name and address in full. For conditions and instructions about ordering, see opening pages of Catalog. More Order Blanks will be Sent Upon Request. Always Write Letters on a Separate Sheet of Paper.

The Department of Agriculture Advises You to Buy Direct; Not From Agents.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>TREES — BERRY BUSHES — VINES, ETC.</th>
<th>N 1916</th>
<th>Price</th>
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TERMS AND CONDITIONS: Terms Cash with Order, f. o. b. Shipping Point. All prices in this catalogue are subject to stock on hand on receipt of this order. No special agreement of any sort relating to this order will be recognized by James Vick's Sons, unless it appears in writing hereon. We exercise the greatest care to have all trees and plants sold by us true to name, and will replace on proper proof all that may prove otherwise, but we do not give any other guarantee, express or implied, and all are sold with the understanding that in case any prove defective we shall be held responsible for the original purchase price only. In any action to recover damages suffered by the purchaser by reason of any fruit tree or trees not being of the name or variety under which they were tagged and sold, the seller shall have the burden of the proof in establishing that any contract not in writing, or any provision of any such contract exempting the seller from liability or limiting his liability was fully understood and agreed to by the purchaser.
VICK’S TREE AND PLANT SALESMA

Be Sure and Read This

JAMES VICK’S SONS ESTABLISHED 1849 — 67 Years Selling by Mail

ORDER NOW.—Do not wait until you are ready to plant. The earlier orders are placed the better it is for both you and ourselves. If it is necessary that your order be shipped on a certain date, state so plainly on the order sheet. We try to ship our orders in rotation — order early and you will get your stock early.

HOW TO ORDER.—Make out your order on our regular order sheet. State plainly how many and of what variety of trees and plants you want. Write your name and address and shipping directions carefully. It will be a great convenience if all orders for the nursery department are kept separate from seed and plant orders, for fruit and ornamental trees simply cannot be packed with other goods, as it would upset shipping arrangements and delay expeditious handling of our goods. Even if you find it more convenient to send one remittance to cover both your seed, plant and bulb order and your nursery order, be sure that the nursery orders are sent on a separate sheet from orders for other goods.

SEND PAYMENT WITH YOUR ORDER.—Get a money order at your express or post office, or a draft at the nearest bank. If you send cash be sure and register your letter. Do not put silver loose in an envelope. You will lose it. MAKE MONEY ORDERS PAYABLE TO JAMES VICK’S SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

RATES.—7 to 4 trees are sold at each rate. 5 to 49 are sold at 10 rate. 50 to 299 at 100 rate. 300 or more at 1,000 rate.

COLLECTIONS.—We cannot make any changes in our collections, for they are selected and bundled before our busy shipping season and the valuable time saved by doing this makes it possible for us to offer these collections at greatly reduced prices.

DO NOT CONFUSE OUR PRICES WITH THOSE ON CHEAP STOCK. WE SELL GOOD TREES AT REASONABLE PRICES. BUY FROM AN OLD RELIABLE HOUSE — "VICK QUALITY" KNOWN FOR SIXTY-SEVEN YEARS.

SPECIAL PRICES ON LARGE ORDERS.—Send us in a list of the number and variety of trees you want. We will give you special quotations on large orders.

OUR TERMS ARE CASH WITH ORDER.—Large shipments will be sent C. O. D. if one-fourth cash is sent along with the order.

NO PACKING CHARGES.—We do not charge for packing, boxing or delivering to freight or express companies at Rochester. Our prices are Free on Board cars at our nurseries. If you have no agent at your station and shipment has to be prepaid, notify us and we will prepay and bill charges to you after shipment.

OUR GUARANTEE.—We exercise care to have our stock genuine and reliable, and hereby guarantee that if all, substantially all, or any part of stock delivered, does not prove true to name as ordered, we will replace it free of charge, or refund the money paid for it, that being the measure of damages for a breach of the contract.

State of New York
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Certificate of Inspection of Nursery Stock
This is to certify that the stock in the nursery of
JAMES VICK’S SONS
of Rochester, County of Monroe, State of New York, was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Section 305 of the Agricultural Law, and was found to be apparently free from any contagious or infectious disease or diseases, or the San Jose Scale or other dangerously injurious insect pest or pests. This certificate expires September 1, 1916.

CHAS. S. WILSON,
Commissioner of Agriculture.

Dated, Albany, N. Y., September 8, 1915.

For nearly seventy years we have been growing seeds, plants and bushes and selling them direct to our customers.
### EXPRESS AND FREIGHT RATES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Express Rates on 100 lbs.</th>
<th>From Rochester, N.Y. to</th>
<th>Minimum Freight Charges on a Box of Trees or Plants Weighing 100 lbs. or Less</th>
<th>Freight Charges on Every 100 lbs. of Trees or Plants Over the Minimum of 100 lbs.</th>
<th>Express Rates on 100 lbs.</th>
<th>From Rochester, N.Y. to</th>
<th>Minimum Freight Charges on a Box of Trees or Plants Weighing 100 lbs. or Less</th>
<th>Freight Charges on Every 100 lbs. of Trees or Plants Over the Minimum of 100 lbs.</th>
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<th>Freight Charges on Every 100 lbs. of Trees or Plants Over the Minimum of 100 lbs.</th>
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Any portion of 100 lbs. at above express rates, but no package forwarded for less than 35c.

### ESTIMATE WEIGHT OF TREES AND PLANTS BOXED

- Trees, large size, 6 to 7 feet, 200 to 250 lbs. per 100 trees.
- Trees, medium size, 5 to 6 feet, 150 to 200 lbs. per 100 trees.
- Trees, small size, 4 to 5 feet, 100 to 150 lbs. per 100 trees.

### PLANTS BY PARCEL POST

Plants of all kinds are now admitted to the mails at regular Parcel-Post rates.

Plants vary so much in weight it is impossible to give the exact weight of any order until it is actually packed. We are, therefore, giving the approximate weight of the different species of plants, etc., and the Parcel-Post rates for the different zones. After making up your order you can easily calculate the approximate weight. You can then ask your postmaster which zone Rochester, N. Y., is in from your post office and, with the zone rate published below, you can easily calculate the amount of postage to send.

All postage on plants, etc., has to be prepaid, and if a sufficient amount to pay the Parcel-Post charges is not sent with the order, the plants will be sent by express, charges collect, as we positively cannot keep accounts and send bills for small items of postage.

Packages weighing five or six pounds or more, going west of the Mississippi River will generally cost less for transportation by express. Large packages can be shipped better and usually cheaper by express.

### PARCEL POST RATES

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<tr>
<th>Zone</th>
<th>1st pound</th>
<th>Additional pound</th>
<th>Zone</th>
<th>1st pound</th>
<th>Additional pound</th>
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<td>5 cts.</td>
<td>1 ct. for each or fraction</td>
<td>5th</td>
<td>8 cts.</td>
<td>6 cts. for each or fraction</td>
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<td>2d</td>
<td>5 cts.</td>
<td>1 ct. for each or fraction</td>
<td>6th</td>
<td>9 cts.</td>
<td>8 cts. for each or fraction</td>
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<td>3d</td>
<td>6 cts.</td>
<td>2 cts. for each or fraction</td>
<td>7th</td>
<td>11 cts.</td>
<td>10 cts. for each or fraction</td>
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<tr>
<td>4th</td>
<td>7 cts.</td>
<td>4 cts. for each or fraction</td>
<td>8th</td>
<td>12 cts.</td>
<td>12 cts. for each or fraction</td>
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</table>

### ESTIMATE WEIGHT OF PLANTS Packed for Shipment

- 100 Strawberry plants... 4 lbs.
- 100 currant plants...... 10 lbs.
- 100 Dewberry plants..... 6 lbs.
- 100 Gooseberry plants... 10 lbs.
- 100 Blackberry plants... 6 lbs.
- 100 1-year Grape-vines... 8 lbs.
- 100 Raspberry plants... 6 lbs.
- 100 2-year Grape-vines...16 lbs.
- 100 Asparagus roots.... 6 lbs.
- 100 Rhubarb roots....... 8 lbs.
- 100 Holt's Mammoth Sage... 1 lbs.
- 100 Privet (smallest size)... 15 lbs.
APPLES LIKE THESE ALWAYS BRING HIGH PRICES — WHY DON'T YOU PLANT DELICIOUS?

VICK'S APPLE TREES

Heading all other fruits is the apple. It is the most widely known, best liked and most useful of all. A careful selection of varieties will give you ripe fruit from early August until the following May. In this book we list and describe the best of the Summer, Autumn and Winter kinds. The trees we offer are of standard "Vick Quality," hardy, clean and well rooted; with straight trunks and well branched heads.

**PRICES OF APPLE TREES**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Fifty</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
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<tr>
<td>Largest size, XXX, 5 to 7 ft.</td>
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<td>$2.50</td>
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<td>$20.00</td>
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<td>Medium size, XX, 4 to 5 ft.</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<td>Smallest size, X, 3 to 4 ft.</td>
<td>20c</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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</table>

**Baldwin** (Winter).—Without question, the leading commercial variety in New England, New York, Ontario, Ohio, Michigan and in many sections from Colorado to Washington. You are taking absolutely no chances when investing your money in this variety. Absolutely dependable. Fruit large, firm, moderately coarse, crisp, rather tender, very juicy, agreeably sub-acid. Skin yellow or greenish, blushed, mottled and striped with bright red and deep carmine. Prevailing effect is bright red. Tree large, very vigorous, strong and hardy. Ripens in November, lasts until May.

**Ben Davis** (Winter).—Finest keeper known; fine-looking; large, round; yellow, with red stripes; flesh white, juicy, subacid, coarse. Tree rapid in growth, healthy and vigorous, bears early, annually and abundantly. Good filler.

**Carolina Red June** (Summer).—An attractive little apple, deep red over yellow, tender, brisk, subacid. Late July to early winter.

**Delicious** (Winter).—Of peculiar and distinctive shape; brilliant dark red, shading off to golden yellow at the blossom end; flesh fine-grained, juicy, crisp and melting; flavor sweet with a slight acid taste. This apple is gaining in favor each year as one of the most profitable commercial varieties. Tree vigorous, thrifty and a good, dependable cropper.

Fine extra large trees of Delicious ................................................................. 50 cents each, $4.00 per 10
Fine second size trees of Delicious ................................................................. 40 cents each, $3.00 per 10

In the dining rooms of leading hotels the Delicious apple is on the Bill of Fare at prices from 15c to 50c each.
FAMEUSE OR “SNOW APPLE” (Fall).—A handsome red striped apple. Flesh snowy white, juicy and of fine flavor. Very popular eating apple.


Gano.—Originated in Missouri. Fruit good size and smooth; deep red, shaded on sunny side to mahogany; very attractive. Flesh pale yellow, fine grain; tender, pleasant, mild, subacid. Excellent shipper and keeper. Tree healthy, vigorous and hardy; annual and productive bearer. Jan. to May.

Gravenstein (Fall).—Orange yellow with stripes of light and dark red; tender, juicy, aromatic, subacid. Good size and attractive appearance. Ripens late in September, lasts to early November.

Greening (Rhode Island Greening).—An old standby in all apple sections, more widely planted than any other kind, except the Baldwin. Its color is against it for export. One of the best cooking apples and good for table use. Fruit large, green, sometimes with red cheek. Tree is very vigorous and a big producer, though it does not bear very young. Season October to February. Origin Rhode Island.

Grimes Golden (Winter).—Attractive in form and excellent either for dessert or culinary use. Fruit large,
Rome Beauty (Winter).—A very fine market variety for the northern and western states. Fruit very large, skin yellow, mottled with bright red; in highly colored specimens almost solid red on exposed cheek, striped with bright carmine. Flesh crisp, juicy, agreeable, mild, subacid. Ripens in November, lasts to April or May.

Roxbury Russet (Winter).—The most popular russet apple. Fruit large, firm, moderately tender, juicy, sprightly, subacid, good. Skin almost smooth but usually covered with greenish to yellowish brown russet. Highly colored specimens develop a bronze blush. Tree medium to large, vigorous and hardy. Season December to May.

STAYMAN (Stayman’s Winesap) (Winter).—Very late keeper, but Mellows for use in the fall. Medium to large, attractive; green and yellow, almost hidden by dark red stripes; flesh yellow; plenty of juice; quality the finest. Tree a quick and large grower, and seems to prefer dry soils and those not so rich and heavy.

Sutton Beauty.—A leading market apple in Massachusetts, where it originated, in western New York, and in some other sections. Medium to large, roundish, waxen yellow, with brilliant blush of red; tender, juicy, subacid, of good flavor and good keeping quality. The tree grows and produces freely. November to April.

Spitzenburg.—Medium-sized apple completely covered with red. The flesh is of good quality, crisp, juicy, subacid. When well grown and packed in boxes the fruit brings a very handsome price. Its season is between R. I. Greening and Baldwin. In cold storage Spitzenburg may be held until June.

Stark (Winter).—Long keeper and a reliable commercial sort. Fruit large, round, greenish yellow, with red stripes; flesh yellow, crisp, and mildly acid. Tree a regular bearer; reliable and satisfactory in an orchard. One of the strongest growers we have, even more so than Northern Spy. Desirable trees to top-work other sorts on.

Sweet Bough.—A large pale yellow apple, one of the really good summer varieties and best early sweet apple. Sweet Bough ripens through a long season, the tree is a very young and prolific bearer and long lived. This variety should be in every orchard. Fruit begins ripening in August.

Talman Sweet.—Splendid sweet winter apple. Light yellow in color with a faint blush cheek. Tree is a good grower, long lived and very hardy. Comes in bearing at an early age and is a reliable cropper. Season November to April.

Twenty Ounce.—Very large, yellow and red, tender, juicy, crisp, subacid; productive. October to January.

Wagener.—This is one of the varieties that bear at an early age. The tree is a quick grower and very thrifty. Planted as a filler for orchards, bears an abundance of fruit when young; of dwarf habit. The fruit is medium to large, skin tough and bright light red color; flesh whitish, firm, crisp, tender, very juicy and subacid; of the very best quality. Season is from October to February or later.

WINTER BANANA (Winter).—A magnificent dessert apple, which on account of its attractive appearance and fine quality commands a readier sale and higher prices than most apples. Packed in boxes for the fancy trade it is in ready demand. The fruit is large and keeps all winter. Flesh whitish, tinged with pale yellow, firm, crisp, tender, subacid. Skin clear pale yellow with beautiful pinkish red blush. Tree vigorous and hardy. Ripens in December, lasts until April.

Wolf River.—Fruit very large; yellow, nearly overspread with red. Tree a stout grower, early bearer and exceedingly productive. While these large fruits are apt to drop more easily than those of medium size, yet the higher price offsets it. December to February.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT (Early Summer).—Medium to large; tender, juicy, of fine flavor, subacid, fragrant. Trees very young bears and yield big crops every year. Hardy, dwarf growers; prefer thin soil, such as hillside and upland. One of the best.

We will be pleased to quote you special prices on large orders of Fruit Trees or Berry Plants.

The section around Rochester is known all over the world as the place where the best trees grow. Buy Vick Quality.
CRAB APPLES

Include the crabs in every fruit garden. They are delicious for cooking, preserving and jellies. In the last few years immense orchards of crabapple have been planted, for they are now of commercial importance on the city markets. They are easily grown, and cheaply picked and handled. A row of crab trees is often planted on the exposed windy side of the orchard. They protect the other trees and pay a profit. They are very ornamental and can be planted in a corner of the yard or garden. They are beautiful when in bloom, and in fruit they are an immense leafy cluster of little red and gold apples.

PRICES ON 2-YEAR-OLD TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XXX Grade</td>
<td>Largest size</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XX Grade</td>
<td>Medium size</td>
<td>30c</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hyslop.—A summer crabapple. Very popular because of its large size, beautiful red color and hardiness. Sharp acid flavor. Good for preserves, jellies and cider. Season October and November, but may be kept well into winter in cool cellars.

Excelsior.—Fruit very large, being nearly as large as a medium sized apple. Color yellow splashed with red. A good cooking apple because of its fine flavor. Ripens early. Tree hardy and productive. Season September and October.

Martha.—Another good variety for all sections. A rapid grower and a great bearer of handsome fruit. Bright, glossy yellow shaded with bright red. Fine tart flavor, surpassing all others for culinary purposes. Season, October and November.

QUINCES

Succeeding nearly everywhere as it does, the consumption of Quinces can easily be increased ten-fold. The demand exists—it needs only to be supplied. As a fruit for preserves, jellies and syrup, it takes a position of first rank—the good housewife is as careful to put up a supply of them as she is sure to lay by for the winter a stock of Montmorency Cherries.

PRICES OF QUINCE TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XXX Grade</td>
<td>Largest size</td>
<td>40c</td>
<td>$3.50</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XX Grade</td>
<td>Medium size</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rea’s Mammoth.—A large bright yellow quince with a very pleasing flavor. The tree is a hardy grower and very productive.

Champion.—Will bear more quickly than any other variety. Trees in the nursery row often bear when two years old. The fruit is large and handsome. Flesh cooks as tender as an apple and without hard spots of cores. Very fine for preserves, jellies, marmalades, etc. The tree is vigorous, hardy and very productive. Champion is a fine all around quince. Ripens in November.

Orange.—More largely planted than any other variety. One of the old varieties that always bear and give good satisfaction wherever planted. Orange is large, bright golden yellow. Cooks very tender and has a great flavor. There is always a demand for this quince.

When you serve fruit on your table you want it fresh. If you grow it yourself this is always possible.
VICK’S APRICOTS

It is surprising how many people there are who do not know how very delicious Apricots are. Here is a beautiful, rich, golden yellow fleshy fruit, firm, sub-acid and of extremely fine flavor. The tree is hardy and will grow wherever peaches will.

The care and cultivation of the Apricot is the same as for the peach, and the trees are just as productive, ripening as they do, just after Cherries and before the earliest peaches. This fruit should be planted more extensively, both for the Home Garden and for commercial purposes. The varieties we list are all good.

PRICE OF APRICOT TREES—35c Each, $3.00 for Ten

Alexander.—A large, oblong, orange yellow fruit, spotted with red. Flesh is sweet, juicy and very good. It is a hardy, prolific bearer and very popular in the east. One of the best of the Russian varieties. Ripens early.

Early Golden.—An American variety of apricot. Fruit is small, pale orange, juicy and sweet. The tree is hardy and prolific. Ripens first of July.

Harris.—This variety is remarkable for its size, beauty and productiveness. It is extremely hardy, will stand the severest winter. Fruit is of a rich golden color and of very fair quality. Ripens in middle of August.

Montgomer.—A pale yellow apricot, slightly tinted with red; flesh is firm, juicy and agreeably acid. A popular variety largely grown for the market.

Moorpark.—The largest of all apricots; orange in color with a red cheek. More money is made from these than from any other variety. Flesh is firm, juicy and very fine. Moorpark ripens in August.

VICK’S NUT TREES

The past few years have witnessed a remarkable development in the planting of nut-bearing trees. Probably no branch of tree cultivation pays larger profits or is as well assured of a profitable market. The immense importations of foreign nuts every year give some idea of the market to be supplied. Few farms but contain land, that, if planted to nut-bearing trees, would pay better than anything else to which it could be devoted; the nuts in many cases paying better than farm crops or fruits, while most kinds are making a growth of valuable timber, that will of itself pay a large per cent. on the investment.

American Sweet Chestnut.—A well known forest and nut-bearing tree; of great value for ornamental purposes. 50 cts. each, $4.50 for 10.

Black Walnut.—The well known native species; hardy, prolific and valuable; timber in point of durability is difficult to excel. 50 cts. each, $4.50 for 10.

Butternut.—A fine native tree producing a large longish nut which is prized for its sweet, oily, nutritious kernel. 50 cts. each, $4.50 for 10.

Chesnut, Japan.—Very distinct from all other Chestnuts, dwarf grower, hardy, productive, usually producing Nuts when two or three years old. Nuts of immense size, far surpassing all other kinds; of fair quality. Decidedly ornamental. 4 to 5 ft., 50c each; $5.00 per doz.

English Walnut.—The fruit of this being so much larger and better flavored than our native species, gives it the preference for cultivation over the latter in localities where it will succeed. 50 cts. each, $4.50 for 10.

Japan, Walnut.—The nuts are considerably larger than the common hickory nut, and borne in clusters of fifteen to twenty. The shell is a little thicker than that of the English Walnut, which it resembles in a general way. The trees begin to bear when two or three years old. 50 cts. each, $4.50 for 10.

There is nothing like being able to buy everything you want to plant from one firm. Especially a reliable one.
A large number of our customers, while not in the Fruit Growing Business, have garden plots and yards where trees and bushes are supplying the table with their fruit. To them especially we call attention to the different varieties of peaches we are listing. Here are kinds that will give you fruit from July until the middle of October. Plant a few trees in your yard, they take up very little space and return you many times their value in delicious fruit. No home is complete without some fruit trees. Our trees are carefully grown and selected, they have the good fibrous roots and strong tops that make the successful fruit tree.

**EARLY ELBERTA.**—The Early Elberta is truly named. It is of the Elberta type, a large, golden yellow peach with a rich crimson blush on the sunny side. The fruit is large, of good shape and better color than Elberta. For canning it has better flavor, sweeter, not requiring nearly so much sugar and keeps firm in the can, not ragging out. Early Elberta ripens about ten days before Elberta, and along with Crawford Early.

**PRICE,** XXX Grade, 5 to 6 ft., 30c each; $2.50 for ten; $22.00 per hundred.
**Price,** XX Grade, 4 to 5 ft., 25c each; $2.00 for ten; $12.00 per hundred.

**ROCHESTER** is in a class by itself because it is the only good sized yellow freestone peach, of fine quality, ready for market in the middle of August in the Northern States.

The fruit is large, yellow with a most attractive red blush, juicy and delicious, and keeps well; an excellent shipper even after much handling. Its greater sweetness over other peaches requires only half the usual quantity of sugar in canning; it does not rot on the trees.

The tree is a strong symmetrical grower; a regular bearer of big crops; and absolutely hardy;—in all of which qualities it surpasses even Elberta.

Just consider—Two weeks ahead of Crawford — maturing when highest market prices prevail.

**PRICE,** XXX Grade, 5 to 6 ft., 35c each; $2.50 for ten; $22.00 per hundred.
**Price,** XX Grade, 4 to 5 ft., 25c each; $2.00 for ten; $18.00 per hundred.

Plant a few peach trees in your garden that ripen their fruit at different seasons. Peaches on the table all summer.
PRICES OF VICK'S PEACH TREES

4 to 6 feet, XXX Grade. ........................................ Each, 20 cents, 10 for $1.80, 100 for $15.00
3 to 4 feet, XX Grade ........................................ Each, 15 cents, 10 for $1.35, 100 for $12.00

Greensboro.—A large, yellowish white peach with a crimson cheek. Very hardy and not subject to rot. Flesh is juicy and of fine quality. A good, early commercial variety. Freestone.

Triumph.—This is a very early variety; it is almost freestone. The flesh is yellow and of very good quality. The fruit is large, skin yellow with crimson cheek. Ripens around the first of August.

Carman.—A new, hardy, rot-proof peach ripening from the middle to end of July. Fruit is large, oval shaped, yellowish white. Flesh is creamy white, slightly tinted with red, juicy and fine. Carman is a fine shipper and is freestone.

Yellow St. John.—A beautiful yellow peach, medium to large in size. The skin is brilliantly flushed on the sunny side with bright deep crimson. The flesh is yellow, tender, juicy and altogether of extra-fine quality. Free. The tree is a strong grower and bears heavy crops every season. So early, this peach reaches the market at a time when the demand for early fruit is at its height.

Belle of Georgia.—Ripens first half of August. Fruit very large and most attractive in color and shape, with a light red cheek; flesh white, firm and delicious; in all ways the quality is fine. Trees grow quickly and snappily, are hardy and prolific. Free.

Champion (Freestone).—Ripens about August 10th. An excellent, showy white peach. Fruit large, creamy-white with beautiful red cheek. Sweet, tender, juicy, of very high quality and a good shipper. Trees are hardy and productive.

Crawford's Early (Freestone).—Last of August or beginning of September. A magnificent large yellow peach of excellent quality. In our estimation the best flavored and best variety for the home garden. Not so good a shipper as Elberta, but better flavored. Most people, when they buy peaches, ask for Crawford's as they know little about any other varieties. The trees are vigorous and productive.

Fitzgerald.—Origin Canada. Fully equal to Crawford Early in size, quality and color, with much smaller pit; a very early bearer, often when two years from bud; extra hardy, succeeding in Canada and in Michigan perfectly; fruit large, brilliant yellow with red cheek; highest quality; ripens after Crawford's Early. Freestone.

Mountain Rose.—A favorite in New Jersey where it ripens early and grows to large size for so early a peach. A reliable cropper. Color white with carmine cheek, inside creamy white, abounding in rich, sweet juice. Considered first quality for dessert. Early August. Origin, New Jersey.

Niagara.—Fruit a beautiful golden yellow blushed with brilliant red. Reminisces the Elberta very much, but it is larger in size. It has been thoroughly tested by extensive orchard planting near Rochester, N. Y., and found to be an unusually fine commercial variety. The quality and flavor of this peach is exceptional. It is free from yellows and leaf curl and is a good bearer.

Kalamazoo.—A large yellow peach of very good quality. Tree is hardy and very productive. Popular in Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York. A good freestone commercial variety.

Chair's Choice.—A very large deep yellow peach with red cheek. Has yellow flesh that is firm and of fine flavor. Pit is perfectly free. This is a strong grower and good bearer. Ripens just before Smock. October.

EVERYONE KNOWS THE CRAWFORD — IT'S A GARDEN FAVORITE EVERYWHERE

Our Roses and Ornamental Shrubs are listed in our Garden and Floral Guide, along with flower and vegetable seeds, plants, etc. If your copy has not reached you write for it.

A very little money spent on trees and bushes will give you fruit for your table all the year round.
Elberta.—The greatest commercial Peach on the market today. This variety is the most popular all over the country and there are more of these grown than of any other kind. It is undoubtedly one of the best orchard kind and also is valuable for garden planting. The tree is very hardy and a productive and uniform cropper. The fruit is large, yellow with red cheek; it is juicy and high flavored. Flesh is yellow and fine. It is a freestone Peach and ripens about 10 days later than Early Crawford.

Crosby.—A beautiful yellow freestone peach with very small pit. Excellent flavor, large size, color orange-yellow, with carmine on the sunny side. Very beautiful; tree of willowy growth, like Wager; rather dwarf; ripens between Early and Late Crawford.

Crawford Late.—Fruit large size; yellow with dull red cheek. Flesh yellow. Tree vigorous and productive. Fine late September variety. Freestone.

Smock.—A large sized peach having a yellow color with a red cheek. The flesh is yellow and juicy. One of the best varieties. Freestone.

Stump (or Stump the World).—Very large, roundish; skin is white with a bright red cheek; flesh is white, juicy and good. Tree is vigorous and productive. Ripens near the end of September and is freestone.

Wonderful.—A large peach very uniform in size and shape. Has a rich golden yellow color nearly covered with bright crimson. Very handsome and attractive. The flesh is yellow, rich and highly flavored. It is delicious and very firm. The variety has a very small freestone pit and the flesh around it is red. Wonderful ripens near the middle of October.

Your Trees Should Be Well Taken Care Of

How to Take Care of Trees on Arrival

If not ready to plant on arrival, unpack the trees, but do not leave the roots exposed to freezing temperature. Dig a trench in some high and dry ground and heel in, covering the roots with earth and follow directly with plenty of water around the tree. You can leave them in the trenches until you are ready to set out. If frozen on arrival, leave in the boxes and place in cellar or in a cool, dark room that is free from frost, and let them remain until the frost has disappeared. If no cellar, cover with sawdust or bury in sandy soil until frost has gone. Do not expose frozen trees to heat, light or air. Trees frozen solid will not be injured if handled in this way. If too dry from exposure or transit, bury in earth or water from 10 to 20 hours.

Planting.—Make the holes large enough to admit the roots without any cramping or bending, and deep enough to bring the tree to its natural depth. The fine surface sod should be used in covering the roots, and this should be carefully worked among them. If the ground is dry it is well to pour in some water when the hole is partially filled. See that the ground is firmly and solidly packed over all parts of the roots by exerting the full weight of the planter upon it, so that there will be no opportunity for dry air or frost to enter and destroy roots deprived of the full benefit of their natural protection. Omission to pack the earth solidly is a most frequent cause of failure in planting nursery stock. Fill the holes even enough to be even with the surrounding surface after the fresh earth settles. Always remove the label when planting. If this is left until the tree is grown, the connecting wire often cuts into and destroys the trees and branch, to which it may be attached. Never use wire in contact with roots. When planting dwarf trees set them low enough to cover the stock upon which they are budded, but not lower. Large standard trees should be staked and tied so that the wind will not loosen the roots. This should be so done that the bands will not chafe the trees. It is a very good way to drive two stakes and confine the trees between straw or hay bands stretched from stake to stake. Do not put manure in contact with the roots for it burns them.
VICK'S STANDARD PEARS

Pears do best in a strong loam, but succeed well in a variety of soils and on almost any land that will produce good vegetables or grain. There is always a greater demand than supply of Pears of all varieties. Bartlett is, of course, the leading Pear and calls for the highest price in the market. By a careful selection of varieties the Pear season can be extended from July to February. Pear growing has been checked until lately by blight, which has affected this kind of tree, but this condition need not exist in the future. Dr. Waite, a practical Pear specialist, who has done much for the industry in the West, has shown that this blight can be controlled. Bulletins on this subject may be secured from the Department of Agriculture at Washington.

Following is a list of the best known varieties of Pears and prices of each:

## PRICES OF PEARS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Fifty</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XXX Grade, 5 to 7 ft., Extra Size</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$13.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XX Grade, 4 to 5 ft., Orchard Size</td>
<td>30c</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X Grade, 3 to 4 ft., Smaller Size</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>8.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Anjou (Beurre de Anjou) (Autumn).—This is one of the most popular and valuable pears one can buy. A large handsome fruit, buttery and melting with a fine vinous flavor. It is a fine keeper and will stay good until mid-winter. The tree is a vigorous grower and a good bearer. Should be picked in the latter part of October or first of November.

Bartlett.—Large; yellow, tinged with red; buttery and melting, with a rich, musky flavor. Bears young and abundantly. Tree vigorous and erect grower; excellent for garden or commercial orchard planting. Is the leader among canning pears, and when well grown is a universal favorite and commands top prices. Will begin to bear in three years, and in about seven years will produce a bushel of fruit per tree. Season, September.

Clapp’s Favorite (Summer).—A large early variety, lemon yellow with red cheek. Flesh fine, juicy, melting and buttery. Hardy, fine grower and very productive. Pick in August or September.

Duchess D'Angouleme (Autumn).—For many years this pear has been counted among the best and most profitable varieties. Excellent for export, cold storage, and for every use to which a pear can be put. Strong grower, productive, not subject to blight. Fruit large, light green patched with russet, melting, juicy, sweet and good. October and November.

Flemish Beauty (Autumn).—A large beautiful, melting, sweet pear. Tree very hardy, vigorous and fruitful. Flesh is tender, juicy and highly flavored. Season September and October.

Our Garden and Floral Guide will be sent you free of charge. If it didn’t come, ask for it.
Garber.—Large, bright yellow with red; juicy and good; a splendid canning pear. Resembles Kieffer in vigor of growth, ripens a month earlier, but is a handsomer and better eating pear. Sells well in any market.

Lawrence.—One of the best and most valuable of Winter pears. It is above medium size, yellow color. Flesh is yellow, tender, juicy and melting. We recommend it very highly to those who want a Mid-Winter variety.

Koonce.—This variety originated in Illinois. The tree is extremely hardy and seldom suffers from blight. It is a very vigorous and upright grower and will do well nearly everywhere. Koonce has been known to bear when all other kinds were destroyed by frost. It is a sure cropper. The fruit is golden yellow with a bright blush; flesh is juicy and sweet and of good quality. It does not rot at the core as many kinds do. Its time of ripening is July.

Kieffer.—Rivals Bartlett in popularity for commercial orchards. Tree remarkably free from disease, vigorous grower, wonderfully abundant and regular bearer. It has been perhaps the most profitable variety known. Fruit very large when thinned, bell shaped; golden yellow when fully ripe; sometimes has a light blush; flesh white, crisp, juicy, of fair quality, exceedingly valuable for cooking and canning, which brings out its spicy flavor. October to December.

Rosney.—Exceedingly large and handsome. Skin is pale yellow with a crimson blush. The flesh is melting, juicy, and has a delicious flavor. The tree is a very strong grower and very hardy. It equals Kieffer in these respects. Ripens in October.

Seckel.—The finest pear in cultivation and should never be omitted from the home garden. The richest flavored pear known. Very satisfactory as a dwarf. The small size of the fruit is an objection in some markets, but people are coming to know its excellent quality and the demand is steadily growing. Color brownish green with reddish check. Tree is a good grower and bears heavy crops annually. Season, September and October.

Sheldon.—This is of very large size. It is roundish in shape and has a greenish-yellow color covered with light russet. It is very juicy, melting, and has a tasty flavor. The tree is a fine grower and a good bearer. Season is October and November.

Worden Seckel.—Originated in Oswego County, N. Y. It is a seedling of the Seckel, and is equally as good in quality as that variety and more juicy, with an aroma equally as rich and inviting, while in size, color, form and appearance it is decidedly superior. The color is yellow, with light red on the sunny side. The tree is very hardy and an enormous bearer, and the fruit is ripe just after the Seckel. All lovers of good pears should have trees of this variety.

Vermont Beauty.—A most desirable pear. The fruit is of medium size, very handsome, being yellow with a bright carmine cheek. The flesh is rich, juicy, aromatic, of the best, and almost equal to the Seckel; ripens immediately after the Seckel.

Wilder (Summer).—A valuable early market kind. Form regular, fair size, handsome. Greenish yellow with red cheek. Flesh sweet, juicy and melting. Tree strong grower and good bearer.
Vick's Dwarf Pears

DWARF PEAR TREES.—For the Home Garden as well as for the Commercial Orchard the dwarf pear tree is a great favorite. The tree takes up but little space; the fruit equals in every way that of the standard and because the tree is low growing it is very easy to pick. We recommend the planting of dwarf pear trees especially to our customers who want good fruit and who cannot spare the room necessary for a large tree. Dwarf trees come into bearing young, producing fruit the second or third year. A row of these trees planted along a fence or wall will not only act as a screen, but will give you a succession of fruit the entire season.

PRICES OF TWO YEAR OLD WELL ROOTED TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XXX—3 to 4 ft.</td>
<td>30c</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XX—2 to 3 ft.</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Duchess.—The most popular of all dwarfs and the one most widely grown. Duchess is a great yielder and a great money getter. The tree is hardy and thrifty and bears uniformly big crops. It is a very early bearer, sometimes fruiting the first season after planting. The fruit is very large, frequently weighing a pound; dull greenish-yellow, spotted with russet; flesh white, rich and of good quality. A very valuable Pear for the home garden or commercial orchard.

Bartlett.—Dwarf Pears are similar to the standard fruit of the same variety, and are very profitable when used as fillers for orchards. Many fruit growers plant Bartlett dwarf as fillers in standard Bartlett and Anjou orchards. In many parts of the country they are planted as fillers in Apple orchards.

Clapp's Favorite.—This is a very good dwarf variety which is used extensively for fillers in orchards, mainly Apple orchards. The one trouble with this pear is that it is susceptible to blight.

Anjou.—A great money-making dwarf that should be extensively planted. When used as a filler in orchards of standard Anjou and Bartlett it is uneccelled; the dwarfs will have paid for the orchard and more by the time the standard trees are in full bearing. We recommend this highly to our customers.

Howell.—This is an especially fine Pear when grown as a dwarf. It is one of the finest of the American varieties. The fruit is large, pale, waxen-yellow and often has a bright, red cheek. The tree is a good grower and an early bearer. We recommend the Howell on dwarf stock to our customers who may want a good commercial dwarf Pear.

Koonce.—This Pear on dwarf stock fruits the same as on the standard. It is an early Pear, very large in size and has a clear golden-yellow color with a crimson blush. The tree is hardy and vigorous and seldom blights. This is practically a frost proof variety.

Kieffer.—Same fruit as in the standard variety. Tree is hardy and thrifty. Fruit is very good for canning and is planted extensively for commercial purposes.

Seckel.—This variety is valuable, both as a standard and dwarf. Fruit is the same on either tree. This makes a good filler for an Apple or standard Pear orchard.

If man with the average size city or town lot will plant dwarf trees he can have a great variety of fruit.
VICK'S CHERRY TREES

The cherry is one of the most profitable of all the fruits that are grown. The most important point is to be sure the tree is set in dry or well drained land. No other fruit is so greatly injured by too much moisture as is the cherry.
We have divided our list into the Sours or Morellos and Sweets or Hearts.

SOUR VARIETIES

Sour Cherries

Dyehouse.—One of the best Sour Cherries for market or home use. The tree is hardy, is an upright grower and always productive. The great quality of this variety is its tendency to hang on the tree after it is ripe. Several varieties that ripen later can be picked before this Dyehouse Cherry drops.

 Early Richmond.—Medium size dark red, melting and juicy, acid flavor; one of the most valuable and popular of the acid cherries and is unsurpassed for cooking; tree slender grower, exceedingly productive and very hardy; will stand the most severe weather.

 English Morello.—Medium sized cherry of a very dark red color, sometimes nearly black. It is very acid in flavor, the flesh is of good quality and it makes a fine canner. Tree is a small grower with light limbs and trunk. Ripens in July.

 Montmorency.—Best of all cherries. It is hardy, reliable and productive. In great demand by canning factories. More money has been made with it than with any other variety. Large, bright shining red, acid, mid-season, June.

 Ostheimer.—Has been tested in the severest winters of Minnesota and found to be perfectly hardy. The fruit

SWEET VARIETIES

Sweet Cherries

Montmorency

Best of all Sour Cherries

is large and roundish. Flesh is liver colored, tender, juicy and almost sweet, although a subacid cherry. Quality is fine. Ripens about the middle of July.

SOUR VARIETIES

Each 10 100

XXX Grade, Extra Size...... 35c $3.25 $30.00

XX Grade, Orchard Size...... 30c 2.75 25.00

X Grade, Smaller Size...... 25c 2.25 20.00

SWEET VARIETIES

Each 10 100

XXX Grade, Extra Size...... 40c $4.00 $40.00

XX Grade, Orchard Size...... 35c 3.50 .......

X Grade, Smaller Size...... 30c 3.00 .......

When you are near Rochester visit our seed and plant farms. Greenhouses are at Barnards—seed farms at Ogden.
PLUMS

The Plum does best on a strong clay soil, dry and well drained. Here it grows the most thriftily and with cultivation suffers least from "Curculio" or "Black Knot." There is little trouble in keeping the trees free from insects and disease. After the blossoms have fallen spread a sheet on the ground under the tree. Then jar the tree so as to shake down the stung fruit and insects. These should be burned. This should be done every day for a week or more and it is important that it is done early in the morning.

PRICES OF VICK'S PLUM TREES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>XXX</td>
<td>Grade</td>
<td>5 to 6 ft.</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$13.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XX</td>
<td>Grade</td>
<td>4 to 5 ft.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X</td>
<td>Grade</td>
<td>3 to 4 ft.</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reine Claude (Bavay's Green Gage).—Very large, greenish, fine flavor. Not surpassed in quality, beauty or size. September.

Shipper's Pride.—Large, dark purple, very showy, often measuring two inches in diameter; fine, juicy and sweet. A beautiful and valuable variety. September.

Shropshire Damson.—An English variety of plum and very fine for preserving. It is a roundish blue fruit and always sells well; the tree is hardy and very prolific. Fruit ripens in October.

Wickson.—Very large, glowing carmine, with a heavy white bloom; flesh firm, sugary, delicious; stone small.

York State Prune.—A large size prune of dark blue color, covered with purple blush; flesh is yellow and delicious; freestone. Ripens last week in September. A valuable prune both for home and commercial use.

For the Home Garden

We recommend the planting of these varieties of Fruit Trees and Bushes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delicious Apple</td>
<td>Montmorency Cherry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crawford Ea. Peach</td>
<td>St. Regis Raspberry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rochester Peach</td>
<td>Plum Farmer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bartlett Pear</td>
<td>Black Raspberry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duchess Dwarf Pear</td>
<td>Cherry Currant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German Prune</td>
<td>Progressive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burbank Plum</td>
<td>Strawberry</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Two dozen Progressive Strawberry Plants will furnish your table with ripe fruit from July until November. See the Outside of the Back Cover of the book.

A few fruit trees and bushes planted in your yard will furnish your table with fresh fruit the entire season.
St. Regis Everbearing Raspberry—
Ripe Fruit from JUNE to NOVEMBER
The Best Red Raspberry for the Home Garden

ST. REGIS RASPBERRY

The only variety of Raspberry that gives a crop the first year, the plants are set out, and two crops every year afterward.

St. Regis begins to ripen in June and continues to bear fruit until frost. Truly an Everlasting Red Raspberry. The berries are large, bright crimson, of the highest quality. Rich and sugary with a full, true Raspberry flavor. Meat is solid, making the berry a fine shipper. In size of fruit, productiveness and quality to say nothing of its being Everbearing, St. Regis leads all other reds.

The canes of St. Regis are stocky and of strong growth. Plants absolutely hardy, enduring the severest cold unjured. This is a great berry to plant in the Home Garden or in the field for the market. It cannot be equaled as a table fruit. We have some mighty fine plants this year that will please you very much.

Price—10 cts. each, 25 cts. for 3, 75 cts. for 10, $3.50 for 100, $25.00 for 1,000.

No garden is complete without some Raspberry bushes planted in it. Fruiting as they do, immediately after most of the Strawberries are through, the rich ripe fruit is a welcome addition to any meal. Raspberries, more than any other fruit, with the exception of Strawberries, are 100% better when fresh from your own bushes than when bought from a store in a wilted condition.

There are three distinct classes of Raspberries. The red, purple and black. We list here the varieties of each color best for the Home Garden and for the Commercial will grow in any soil that is fairly well drained. Set the bushes in rows about six feet apart and three feet apart in the row. The canes should be kept well cut down to five or six of the strongest near the parent plant. Cut out and burn all the old canes as soon as they are through fruiting. In the early spring cut back bushes to about 36 inches high.

The Parcel Post may be used by our customers with a saving of time and money. Our system of packing the roots of the plants in damp moss, wrapped in oil paper and then carefully wrapped and tied for shipment insures the plants reaching you in the finest condition.

You can pick ripe berries from St. Regis plants for four months. This is truly an everlasting Raspberry.
Cuthbert Red Raspberry

"Queen of the Market"

The Most Popular Red Raspberry with the Market Grower.

CUTHBERT.—This is the best of all Red Raspberries for the market; not only on account of its fine shipping qualities, but for its size, color, quality and richness of flavor. The plant is a very strong grower with vigorous healthy foliage and very hardy. Cuthbert is one of the reliable varieties that can always be depended on to bear a good crop of berries.

HERBERT.—A fairly new berry coming from Canada. Its chief quality is its extreme hardiness, and its being practically proof against diseases of all kinds. The fruit is large, bright to deep red, of fine quality and flavor. It is a very fine market variety especially adapted to growing in localities where the winters are very cold. Highly recommended by the Government Experimental Station at Ottawa.

GOLDEN QUEEN.—Yellow. Undoubtedly the best of the yellow varieties, and the fact that it is a seedling of the Cuthbert is a strong recommendation within itself. It is very productive and hardy; the berries are large in size, beautiful pale yellow in color and excellent in quality; medium to late and continues a long time in bearing.

Columbian—
Great Large Purple Red Berries

MARLBORO.—Red. This is the standard early variety. As a shipper it is unsurpassed, as it is noted for its firmness both on the bushes and in shipping. It is productive of large, crimson, juicy berries. The bush is an upright, vigorous plant. It is greatly appreciated in New Jersey. The Colorado Agricultural Experiment Station says: "The best red variety for Colorado." The Cornell station and the Maryland station give good reports of it.

Columbian.—Very large, often an inch in diameter; dark red, bordering on purple, adheres firmly to stem and will dry on the bush if not picked; of rich, sprightly flavor, the best for canning or evaporating, and probably the most productive of all raspberries. A most vigorous grower, canes ten to fifteen feet in length and often over an inch in diameter, strong and woody, its roots spreading and penetrate the soil to a great depth, thus enabling it to resist drought. It propagates from the tips and never suckers from the roots. It is very hardy, enduring 28° below zero without injury.

Prices on Cuthbert, Columbian, Marlboro—60c for 10; $2.00 for 100; $15.00 for 1000.

" " Herbert and Golden Queen—75c for 10; $3.00 for 100; $25.00 for 1000.

Add one cent to the price of each plant if you want raspberries or blackberries sent to you by Parcel Post.
Vick's
Black Raspberries

Plum Farmer

The Best Home Garden and Market Early Black Raspberry

Plum Farmer.—The Plum Farmer Black Raspberry is, in our estimation, the best Blackcap for home and market ever introduced. It ripens early. Berries are very large, thick meaty, juicy and sweet. They pick very easily, and stand up and carry well. In quality, firmness and productiveness, it is all that can be desired either by wholesale growers or for the home garden.

"The plants are hardy, vigorous and productive; the berries large, good in color and quality. It has already been grown in some localities and reports of its behavior are very favorable. It certainly should be given a trial in all commercial plantations."—Report of Geneva Experimental Station.

Price—25 cts. for 3, 60 cts. for 10, $2.00 for 100, $15.00 for 1,000.

GREGG.—A late fruiting black raspberry of fine quality. This is one of the best-known late Raspberries. It is a very good shipper and is an excellent variety for evaporating. Berries are very large, regular, glossy black with grayish bloom, quite firm, sweet and of best quality. Season is late and extended. It is very productive and has proved itself quite a valuable variety. Price—25 cts. for 3, 60 cts. for 10, $2.00 for 100, $15.00 for 1,000.

CUMBERLAND.—Fine, large berries, ripening in midseason. This is the largest of the Raspberry family, surpassing that of any other variety that we know of, often measuring ½ inch in diameter; sweet, firm, of good quality, and is of such handsome appearance that it is sure to bring the top of the market. The bush is healthy and vigorous, throwing out stout canes in abundance; it is in every way one of the best blackcaps. Its season is medium early, and it is excelled in hardiness and productiveness. Price—25 cts. for 3, 60 cts. for 10, $2.00 for 100, $15.00 for 1,000.

Black Diamond.—One of the best for home and market use. For drying and evaporating it excels all others. The fruit is large and handsome, and on account of its good size, good keeping qualities and its productiveness, is one of the most profitable to grow. Very sweet and excellent. Price—25 cts. for 3, 60 cts. for 10, $2.00 for 100, $15.00 for 1,000.

Kansas.—The fruit is nearly as large as the Gregg; handsome, firm and of fine quality. For a good second-early Raspberry there is nothing better than this. It possesses all the valuable attributes of a profitable market sort, and its large size and attractive appearance insure ready sales at good prices. Prices—40 cts. for 10, $2.00 for 100, $12.00 for 1,000.

Berry Plants, Vines, etc., can be sent by Parcel Post. Send us money to cover postage as shown below:

- Raspberries add 1c for each plant; Blackberries add 1c for each plant; Currants add 2c for each plant;
- Gooseberries add 1c for each plant; Grapes add 2c for each plant.

All plants sent by Parcel Post are wrapped in damp moss and oil paper and carefully bundled.

Plum Farmer is the berry for the Home Garden. We are going to dig and sell a very fine lot this spring.
Rathbun.—Fruit black, luscious, of the highest quality, with a high polish and sufficiently firm to carry well. A large proportion of the berries will measure from 1½ to 1¾ inches in length. The flesh is juicy, high-flavored, soft throughout, without any hard core, sweet and delicious. Cannot be surpassed for the table or canning. The plant is a strong, erect grower, and unlike most varieties, produces few suckers, but roots from tips like raspberries. It is hardy, having sustained a temperature of 15 to 18 degrees below zero without harm; vigorous, great bearer. By mid-summer pruning it can be trained in tree form. Price—25 cts. for 4, 50 cts. for 10, $3.00 for 100, $19.00 for 1,000.

Eldorado.—A berry you can depend on every time. The vines are very vigorous and extra hardy. Berries are large, black and borne in big clusters. Price—25 cts. for 4, 60 cts. for 10, $3.00 for 100, $20.00 for 1,000.

Blower Blackberry

"The Giant of all Blackberries"

Blowers.—"The Giant of All Blackberries." A large, clean, bright berry of exceptionally good quality, with no perceptible core when fully developed. The fruit is exceedingly sweet, the flavor is pleasant without being peculiar. This is a first-class shipper, standing up well in the market for several days. The season of ripening is from the middle of July until frost, with the bulk of the crop maturing in the month of August. It is a hardy variety. It has endured 20 degrees below zero. The bushes are upright growers, are very hardy and enormously productive. One single plant has the record of producing 2,000 berries. 25 cts. for 3, 65 cts. for 10, $3.50 for 100.

Lucretia Dewberry.—A low-growing, trailing blackberry. Hardy, and very productive with fine foliage and white flowers. The fruit ripens early; is many times one and one-half inches long by one inch in diameter. Soft, sweet and luscious. Free from hard core. Ripens before later raspberries are gone. Should be mulched to keep berries off from soil. 25 cts. for 3, 65 cts. for 10, $3.50 for 100.

If you want Blackberry Plants sent to you by Parcel Post add one cent for each plant. See our list of weights, page 2.
Vick's Currant Bushes

The Currant ripens just before Raspberries are gone, continuing in prime order for several weeks. It is of pleasant acid flavor, hardy, a free grower, easy to cultivate, and a certain and heavy cropper. Because of its hardiness and free growing tendencies, it is often neglected, but good cultivation and careful pruning will double the size and quality of the fruit and increase the profits. Currants are the most profitable of smaller fruits. An acre yields from 200 to 250 bushels of fruit. Plants should be set in rows four feet each way, allowing plenty of light and air. For protection against the currant worm dust a little white hellebore powder over the bushes when the leaves are damp. Do this as soon as worms appear.

RED CROSS

Red Cross.—It is natural to connect sourness with all red currants, since, as a rule, red currants are exceedingly acid, but Red Cross currant is an exception to the ordinary rule, being the sweetest currant ever produced. We know of no more appetizing or healthful dish than a dish of Red Cross currants at the table to be eaten the same as strawberries, or other sweet fruit. This qualification of sweetness and palatableness has not been properly emphasized. In making currant jellies, or in preparing currants in other ways, remember the Red Cross currant requires only half the sugar that many other currants require owing to its natural sweetness and fine flavor. Prices, 15 cts. each, $1.00 for 10, $6.50 for 100, $50.00 for 1,000.

WILDER.—Ripens the same time as Fay's Prolific, and hangs on the bush much longer; fully as prolific and is in every way as profitable. A popular variety both for the table and market. It is one of the strongest growers and one of the most productive varieties on our list. Bunches and berries large, bright and attractive red even when dead ripe. Hangs on the bushes in fine condition for handling as late as any known variety. Price—10 cts. each; 80 cts. for 10, $6.00 for 100, $45.00 for 1,000.

White Grape.—The finest of the white kinds. Very large, yellowish white; mild acid; fine for the table. Has a low spreading habit and dark green foliage. Very productive. Price—15 cts. each, $1.00 for 10, $6.50 for 100, $55.00 for 1,000.

Rural New Yorker says: "Red Cross is the best of all old or new Currants for mid-season."
New York Experiment Station says: "Red Cross is large and productive. The masses of fruit are so dense as to completely hide the bearing canes from view."

They should be in every garden

St. Regis Raspberries—fruit all season; Columbian Purple Raspberries—fine for table; Concord Grapes—big blue, black, delicious; Niagara Grapes—fine, sweet, white; Red Cross Currants—the sweetest of all; Black Champion Currants—best of all black; Plum Farmer Black Raspberries—great; Rathburn Blackberries—45 to the quart; Pearl Gooseberries—great for cooking; Vick's Strawberry Rhubarb—see page 22; Progressive Fall Bearing Strawberry—fresh fruit from May until Nov.

Victoria.—A late bearing red variety. Berries are large and grow in very long bunches. Victoria is a fine bearer and is grown for commercial purposes in many parts of the country. Price—10 cts. each, 12 for 75 cts., $3.50 for 100, $50.00 for 1,000.

Shallots.—Large red berries, borne in fair-length clusters. A robust, fruitful and standard variety that we believe has been set more largely in commercial orchards than any other sort. Price—10 cts. each, 80 cts. for 10, $6.00 for 100, $15.00 for 1,000.

Black Champion.—Bushes large and flavor of fruit particularly delicious. It hangs low on the bunches, and unlike other varieties, bears the severest pruning without detriment. Price—15 cts. each, $1.00 for 10, $6.50 for 100, $55.00 for 1,000.

Fay’s Prolific.—Less acid than Cherry; branches large, berries medium, bright and sparkling. One of the leading late varieties, and a remarkable cropper. Valuable for commercial purposes as well as for home use. Price, 15 cts. each, $1.00 for 10, $6.50 for 100, $45.00 for 1,000.

Berries.—Should have strong soil and be kept under constant cultivation. Mulching is of special value. Raspberries and Blackberries should have the old canes cut out each year, and new canes pinched off when three feet high. If the position is at all exposed, it is well to raise a mound between the hills late in the fall, bend the canes over this mound and peg them down during the winter. Strawberries should be mulched late in the fall; uncover the crowns early in the spring, remove the mulch after fruiting and space in light dressing of manure. If set for fruit, keep the runners cut off.

Currants and Gooseberries should be mulched every spring and well pruned, so that new wood may have a chance to grow. The ground about them should be kept in good condition by manure and cultivation. The worms may be destroyed with certainty by applying White Hellebore powder shaken from a coarse bag as soon as they appear, and repeating the operation once or twice.

RASPBERRY—BLACKBERRY—CURRANT—GRAPE

PERFECTION

Winner of Gold Medals

Raspberry Plants by mail prepaid 2c per plant or 10c per 10
Raspberry
Curants
Blackberry
Grape Vine

WE PREPAY PARCEL POST ON STRAWBERRIES
Vick's Grape Vines

The grape is the most healthful of all fruits, and the most highly esteemed for its many uses. It can be grown beyond a stake, bound to a trellis, trained over an arbor, or extended until it covers a large tree or building.

Campbell's Early.—Strong, vigorous, hardy vine; thick, healthy, mildew-resisting foliage; always setting its fruit well and bearing abundantly. Berries large; black, with light purple bloom. Flavor rich, sweet, slightly vinous. Very early. Strong 2 year—25 cts. each, $2.25 for 10, $20.00 for 100.

Niagara (White).—Bunch very large and handsome, often shouldered, compact; berries large, round; skin thin, tough, does not crack and carries well; has not much pulp when fully ripe, melting sweet. Should be in every garden. Strong 2 year—20 cts. each, 30 cts. for 2, $1.00 for 10, $5.00 for 100.

Brighton.—A large, delicious, sweet red grape; vine thrifty and a strong grower; flesh sweet, tender and very juicy. Best of all large red grapes. First of September. Strong 2 year—15 cts. each, $1.00 for 10, $6.00 for 100.

Concord (Black).—Bunch large, shouldered, compact, berries large, covered with a rich bloom; skin tender, but sufficiently firm to carry well to distant markets; flesh juicy, sweet pulp, tender; vine a strong grower, very hardy, and productive. Strong 2 year—10 cts each, 3 for 25 cts., 50 cts. for 10, $5.00 for 100, $35.00 for 1,000.

Delaware.—Bunches small and compact; berries small round, thin skinned, light red. Flesh very juicy, with an exceedingly sweet and delicious flavor. Vine hardy and productive. Strong 2 year—15 cts. each, $1.25 for 10, $7.00 for 100.

Salem.—Bunch large and compact; berry large, of a light chestnut or Catawba color; thick skinned, perfectly free from hard pulp; very sweet and sprightly, with a most exquisite aromatic flavor; as early as Delaware. Strong 2 year—20 cts. each, 50 cts. for 3, $1.00 for 10, $5.00 for 100.

Worden.—Said to be a seedling of the Concord. Bunch large, compact, handsome; berries larger than those of the Concord. It ripens a few days earlier, and is superior to it in flavor. Destined to become very popular for the vineyard and garden. Strong 2 year—15 cts. each, 25 cts. for 2, $1.00 for 10, $6.00 for 100.

Diamond.—Bunch large, compact; berry medium size; color greenish white with a yellow tinge; flesh juicy and almost without pulp; very good. Vine vigorous and productive. Strong 2 year—20 cts. each, $1.00 for 10, $6.00 for 100.

Moore's Early.—Bunch large, berry round; color black, with a heavy blue bloom; quality better than the Concord. Vine exceedingly hardy; has been exposed to a temperature of more than 20 degrees below zero without injury, and is entirely exempt from mildew or disease. Its earliness makes it desirable for an early crop, maturing as it does ten days before the Hartford, and twenty before the Concord. Strong 2 year—20 cts. each, 50 cts. for 3, $1.50 for 10, $7.50 for 100.

Concord for the black, Niagara for the white and Delaware for the red grapes cannot be beaten for the Home Garden.
Vick’s Gooseberries

Plants should be set out in clay and moist soil. They should be sprayed with Bordeaux Mixture when the leaves open; then, two weeks later repeat with the same mixture. The berries are easily harvested by stripping the branches with the gloved hand and fanning out the leaves.

**PRICE OF 2 YEAR OLD GOOSEBERRY BUSHES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
<th>Thousand</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$0.25</td>
<td>$1.50</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>$80.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Downing.—A large, handsome, pale green berry of splendid quality. Popular for cooking and table use. A vigorous grower and proof against mildew.

Pearl.—This variety bears a great resemblance to the Downing. It is very hardy; free from mildew; superior in size and quality. The fruit is pale green—fine for cooking and table use. Pearl is the most productive of all Gooseberries, a variety that does well in Canada.

Josselyn (Red Jacket).—Bush a strong grower and very productive; less subject to mildew than others. Fruit red, very large, smooth, of good flavor; bush absolutely hardy, with clean, healthy foliage. The one large red gooseberry that can be planted with confidence.

What You Can Do with Strawberry Rhubarb

Rhubarb conserve with oranges.
Rhubarb, red raspberry, red currant preserves.
Rhubarb and strawberry preserves, sauce, pie.
Rhubarb and elderberry preserves, sauce, pie.
Rhubarb and plums with cinnamon and cloves sweetened, sauce, preserves, pies.
Rhubarb custard.
Rhubarb tapioca pudding.
Rhubarb sauce.
Rhubarb baked.
Rhubarb pies.
Rhubarb cake.
Rhubarb tarts.

**Rhubarb Tapioca Pudding**

This is made by cutting up about a quart of Early Strawberry into small pieces. Cook in one pint of sugar in a double boiler or saucepan until tender. Do not stir. Skim rhubarb out carefully and put in baking dish. To the syrup left in boiler add enough water to make one quart, when boiling add ½ cup of pearl tapioca. Boil 1 hour, pour over rhubarb, add 1 tablespoon of butter and bake in oven ½ hour. Serve with cream or foamy sauce.

Vick’s Strawberry Rhubarb

Rhubarb is probably the most useful and popular of all garden plants and is grown more extensively than all others. Hardy, a garden is without a few roots that easily keep the table supplied with sauces, pies and preserves. In this Strawberry Rhubarb or Pie Plant as it is called, we have a variety whose stalk is a beautiful Strawberry red or pink all the way through. It is not a green variety but a true Strawberry color. The plant is extremely tender, fine flavored and juicy. Vick’s nining, making pies or sauces than other kinds; it is away ahead of other varieties.

Plant some roots in your garden. We have some fine two-year-old stock to sell this year that we know will please you.

**Price**—15 cts. each, 2 for 25 cts., 6 for 50 cts., 100 for $6.00.

**Rhubarb and Plum Preserve**

To make in large quantities use: 12 bunches rhubarb, ½ bushel plums. Cook with cinnamon and cloves. Sweeten to taste.

Do not confuse Vick’s Strawberry Rhubarb with the common varieties. A few roots planted this spring will amply supply the table.
STRAWBERRIES
VICK’S SELECTED KIND

Ripe Berries from May to November
Strong plants freshly dug, shipped direct from the field

PLANTS SENT BY PARCEL POST OR EXPRESS
PREPAID AT THESE PRICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>250</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Price</td>
<td>30c</td>
<td>50c</td>
<td>75c</td>
<td>$1.25</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$6.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Except Uncle Joe and Progressive

Can you go out in your garden and pick fresh, ripe Strawberries for your table all summer long? If you can’t you surely are missing a whole lot of health and enjoyment. There is no reason why everyone with a little garden space cannot raise fine Strawberries. No plant better adapts itself to all conditions and to all sorts of soil, and brings as great returns for the amount of labor and money expended. The varieties we are listing are the very best for the man who wants them for his own use and for the commercial grower. We especially recommend to you VICK’S UNCLE JOE.

Early Ozark.—The very best early commercial berry. Fruit is firm, good color, high quality and excellent flavor. Plant is a strong grower and very productive. Perfect.

St. Louis.—This very early berry is specially recommended for the Home Garden. It is extremely large, well formed, bright red, and of good quality. Perfect.

Senator Dunlap.—Without a doubt the greatest all-round berry grown. Popular in every part of the country. Very hardy and productive. Berries are of good size, bright, glossy red, and of good quality. Perfect.

Monroe.—This is a second early berry. Fruit is deep red all over, no green spots at all; fine quality and largest size. As a medium early berry it cannot be equaled. Awarded the Berry Gold Medal by The Western New York Horticultural Society. We recommend this for both market and table use. Perfect.

Bubach.—Season early to medium. Among the leaders of old standard varieties. Fruit large and handsome, conical, bright scarlet, moderately firm, rich in flavor. Succeeds on light or heavy soil. Desirable for home use and market. Perfect.

Marshall.—An old, well known berry. One of the largest on the market. A strictly fancy variety, extremely large, of fine quality and very handsome. Perfect.

Haverland.—A very long season berry and very productive; fruit large, long; bright red, firm and of fine quality. Plants large and vigorous. A reliable and well known standard variety. Imp.

Warfield.—For canning and making preserves of all kinds this is a favorite variety on account of its rich flavor and high color. Will produce a great crop of medium sized, highly colored and flavored berries. Imp.
VICK'S UNCLE JOE
The Home Garden Berry
For a fancy bright red table berry of extra large size and high quality, this variety of our own cannot be beaten. The flesh is tender, juicy and delicious; flavor rich, mild subacid. Plants are strong growing and very hardy. If you want something especially fine as a table berry, plant Vick's Uncle Joe.
Price—Doz. 50 cts., 25 plants 75 cts., 100 plants $2.50, 1,000 plants $8.00.

PROGRESSIVE
The Best Fall Bearing Strawberry
This is the leading fall-bearing variety. The fruit is of fine quality, highly colored, deliciously flavored and red to the core. Bears its crops of good sized berries until November. Every garden should contain some of these wonderful plants. Send in your order early. Plants are shipped out as soon as the weather permits us to dig. See outside back cover.
Price—Doz. $1.25, 25 plants $2.00, 100 plants, $7.00.

Glen Mary.—Ripens late mid-season and a great favorite in New England, Middle West and the Northwest. Here it has been the leading variety for the last fifteen years. Not only a berry for the fancy local market, but a fine berry for distant shipments. Fruit big, bright red with prominent bright yellow seeds; meat is rich and juicy, and of rare high flavor. We recommend Glen Mary to our customers. Imp.
Sample.—Few varieties have brought their growers as much profit as Sample. A perfectly formed berry, dark red, very large; delicious in flavor, very productive; very firm and a good shipper. Sample is a reliable standard variety that can be planted with confidence. Late mid-season. Imp.

Steven's Late Champion.—Large, fine colored, late, productive berry. Well known and well liked everywhere. Perfect.

Brandywine.—A large, broad, heart-shaped berry, delicious. Medium red color, flesh is firm. Will thrive on most any kind of soil. A mid-season berry. Perfect.

Chesapeake.—A late, popular, new, quality berry. Flesh is dark red, juicy, sweet, highly flavored. For quality in the highest degree plant Chesapeake. Perfect.

Gandy.—A large, late berry, heavy yielder, strong grower. Fruit very firm, and of good quality. On the market brings fine prices. Perfect.
ORNAMENTAL TREES

More and more it is being realized that property, no matter where located, is greatly increased in value if properly planted with shade and ornamental trees. The expense is not to be compared with the added value given to the property, and no better investment can be made.

It is a well-recognized fact that trees and hedges about farm property not only add to the beauty and comfort of the home, but increase the monetary value of the property. Illustrations of this may be found in many localities where well-planted property brings a considerable higher price than an adjoining place that has not been planted, yet the other conditions are equal.

The many ways in which ornamental trees can be used make them one of the most important items in a nursery catalogue. More and more are people coming to love out-door life, and with it comes a deeper admiration for trees and shrubs. This appreciation and love of nature is usually first noted about the home grounds, and is followed by increased interest in city street plantings and parks.

For City Streets.—Sugar Maple, Norway Maple, American Elm, American Ash, American Linden, Oriental Plane.

Rapid Growing Street Trees.—Silver Maple, Ash-leaf Maple, Caroline Poplar.

Best Lawn Trees.—Norway Maple, Schwedler's Maple, Cut-leaf Weeping Birch, Catalpa Speciosa, Purple-leaf Beech, Tulip Tree, American Mountain Ash, the Oaks, English Elm, the Lindens.

Low Growing Lawn Trees.—Japan Maple, Catalpa Bungeii, Japanese Weeping and Flowering Cherries, the Dogwoods, Double Flowering Thorns, Magnolias, Weeping Mulberry, Bechtel's Flowering Crab.

Trees for Screens.—Carolina and Lombardy Poplar, White Flowering Dogwood.

Ash, American.—A well known native tree of largest size. Thrives in any soil, suitable for street or avenue. Price—6 to 8 ft., 50 cts.; 8 to 10 ft., 75 cts. each.

Beech, European.—A compact tree attaining the largest size, retains its leaves brown and dry throughout the winter. Price—5 to 6 ft., $1.50; 6 to 8 ft., $2.00 each.

Beech, River's Purple-Leaved.—A variety of American beech with large, smooth, very dark leaves. The best purple lawn tree known. Price—3 to 4 ft., $1.00; 4 to 5 ft., $1.75 each.

Birch, Cut-Leaf Weeping.—Its tall slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful, drooping habit, silvery white bark and delicately cut foliage present a combination of attractive characteristics rarely met with in a single tree. Extra fine well rooted trees this year, $1.00 each; $10.00 per dozen.

Butternut.—Valued for its tropical appearance and beautiful wood, as well as for its nuts. Produces large, handsome, elongated nuts with rich, sweet, oily kernel; very nutritious. The tree grows rapidly and yields large crops in a few years. There are large profits in butternut growing. A small outlay will bring large returns as soon as the trees begin to bear. 5 to 7 ft., 50 cts. each.

American White Oak.—One of the finest American trees, of large size and spreading branches; leaves lobed, pale green above and glaucous beneath. 5 to 6 ft., $2.00 each.

Catalpa, Speciosa (Hardy or Western Catalpa).—A variety which originated in the West but which has become very popular throughout the country on account of its hardy nature, very desirable for fence posts, railroad ties, etc. It is the most popular of the Catalpas for street and park planting. It has immense leaves, velvet brown when they first appear, changing to rich dark green; followed by immense panicles of pink and white flowers. 6 to 8 ft. trees, 50 cts. each; 8 to 10 ft., 60 cts. each.
Catalpa Bungeii (Umbrella Catalpa).—Grafted on stems 6 to 8 ft. high, it makes an umbrella shaped top without pruning; perfectly hardy, and flourishes in almost all soils and climates; leaves large, glossy, heart-shaped, deep green; always making a symmetrical head. One of the most unique trees; desirable for lawn, park and cemetery planting. Two-year trees, extra large, $1.00 each.

Chestnut, Double White Flowered.—A beautiful well-known tree of roundish form with dark green foliage and abundance of spikes of white flowers, slightly marked with red. Hardy. 4 to 5 ft., $1.00 each.

American Sweet Chestnut.—A valuable native tree, both useful and ornamental. When grown in open ground it assumes an elegant, symmetrical form; foliage rich and glossy. Nuts sweet, of delicate flavor, and are a valuable article of commerce. 4 to 5 ft., 50 cts. each; $4.50 for 10.

American Linden or Basswood.—A rapid growing, large-sized, beautiful native tree, with very large leaves and fragrant flowers. 6 to 8 ft., 75 cts. each.

Dogwood, Red Flowering.—A valuable variety producing beautiful carmine flowers; of great value. Price, $1.50.
The Dogwoods are Covered With These Beautiful Flowers

Crab, Bechtel's Double Flowering.—One of the most beautiful of the many fine varieties of flowering crabs. Tree of medium size, covered in early spring with large, beautiful, double, fragrant flowers of a delicate pink color. From a distance the flowers have the appearance of small roses. Blooms when quite young. 3 to 4 ft., 75 cts. each.

Butternut.—Valued for its tropical appearance and beautiful wood, as well as for its nuts. Produces large, handsome, elongated nuts with rich, sweet, oily kernel; very nutritious. The tree grows rapidly and yields large crops in a few years. There are large profits in butternut growing. A small outlay will bring large returns as soon as the trees begin to bear. 5 to 7 ft., 50 cts. each.

Laburnum, or Golden Chain.—A native of Europe with smooth shining foliage. Bears long pendant racemes of golden flowers in June. Very showy and beautiful. 50 cts. each.

American Elm.—The most admired of all American trees. It is very attractive in any suitable location, is entirely hardy and easily transplanted. There are more elm trees planted along our streets and highways than any other one variety. This on account of its dense green foliage, which spreads out from overhead, covering a suitable space of ground in proportion to the size of the tree, which makes it the finest shade tree in the world. See picture on page 26. Price—8 to 10 ft., 75 cts. each; 10 to 12 ft., $1.00 each.

Magnolia Acuminata (Cucumber Tree).—A beautiful pyramidal-growing native species, growing to the height of 60 or 70 feet, with large glossy leaves; flowers yellow, tinted with bluish purple. Price—75 cts. each.

Magnolia Speciosa (Showy Flowered Magnolia).—Of shrubby, branching habit, flowers smaller than Soulangiana, and lighter in color; fully a week later; and remain in perfect condition upon the tree longer than those of any other Chinese variety. One of the hardiest. $2.00 each.

Magnolia Soulangiana (Soulange's Magnolia).—Shrubby and branching while young, but becoming a fair size

The Dogwood with its abundance of beautiful white and red flowers in the spring makes a very handsome showing.
Maple, Weir's Cut Leaf.—This is one of the most remarkable and beautiful trees with cut or dissected foliage yet offered. Its growth is rapid, shoots slender and drooping, giving it a habit almost as graceful as the cut-leaved birch. Foliage is abundant, leaves green on the top, silvery underneath. One of the most valuable and handsome of the ornamental trees. Price—6 to 8 ft., 60 cts.; 8 to 10 ft., 80 cts.

Maple, Ash-Leaved or Box Elder.—A fine rapid growing variety, with handsome, light green foliage and spreading head; very hardy, desirable for street planting and succeeds in many sections where other varieties do not thrive. 50 cts. each, $4.00 for 10.

Maple, Schwedler's or Purple-Leaf.—A beautiful variety of Purple-Leaf Norway with long shoots and leaves of bright purple and crimson color, which change to purplish green on older leaves. 6 to 8 ft., $1.00 each.

Mulberry, Tea's Weeping.—One of the finest, most graceful and satisfactory of weeping trees. Umbrella shaped head, with slender willowy branches drooping to the ground. It has beautiful glossy foliage, handsomely cut or divided into lobes. It is perfectly hardy. $1.00 each.
Carolina Poplar for Street Shade

Carolina Poplar.—One of the most rapid growing trees; its branches are spreading, the leaves are large, handsome and glossy. The best of the poplars, and especially adapted to planting in large cities, where it resists the smoke and gas and soon affords a dense shade.

Price—Each Ten Hundred
6 to 8 ft. $0.25 $2.25 $18.00
8 to 10 ft. .35 3.00 25.00
10 to 12 ft. .45 4.00 35.00

Mulberry, Downing.—This tree is not alone valuable for the large refreshing berries it bears, but is very handsome as a lawn or street tree. 4 to 5 ft., 50 cts. each.

Mulberry, Russian.—A hardy variety of mulberry. Tree is a rapid grower; foliage is abundant. 7 to 8 ft., 40 cts. each.

Lombardy Poplar.—Grows to a height of from 100 to 150 feet. Well known and remarkable for its erect, rapid growth and tall, spiry form. Indispensable in landscape gardening, to break the ordinary and monotonous outlines of most other trees.

Price—Each Ten Hundred
6 to 8 ft. $0.30 $2.75 $25.00
8 to 10 ft. .40 3.50 30.00
10 to 12 ft. .60 5.00 45.00

Walnut, Japan.—A choice imported variety, grows with great vigor, forming a handsome head without pruning, and has withstood a temperature of 20 degrees below zero without injury. The shell is a little thicker than that of the English Walnut, which it resembles in a general way; the kernels are meaty, delicate, and can be removed entire. The trees begin to bear when two or three years old. 50 cts. each.

English, Persian, or Madeira.—A fine, lofty-growing tree, with handsome, spreading head; produces large crops of thin-shelled, delicious nuts which are always in demand at good prices. An exceedingly handsome tree for the lawn. 50 cts. each.

American Black.—The large, oily nuts are borne in heavy crops. They are much relished by all persons, old and young, and always sell at a fair rate. The tree grows quite fast; its dark, rich wood is exceedingly valuable. 50 cts. each.

Norway Spruce make fine Hedges and Wind Breaks for the Lawn and Garden.
**VICK'S EVERGREENS FOR THE LAWN**

**Kosters** (Colorado Blue Spruce).—A most beautiful variety, discovered and disseminated from the Rocky Mountains, it is the nearest blue of any evergreen, very distinct in foliage and growth; fine compact habit. It is in great demand as a lawn tree throughout the Eastern states, where fine specimens are established, proving it the best of all evergreen trees for the lawn. Foliage rich blue or sage color. All with ball of earth burlapped.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>Ten</th>
<th>Hundred</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18 to 24 in.</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft.</td>
<td>3.50</td>
<td>30.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft.</td>
<td>5.50</td>
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We have larger Blue Spruce we can make you special prices on.

**Norway Spruce.**—An elegant tree; extremely hardy, of lofty, rapid growth and pyramidal form. The branches assume a graceful, drooping habit when the tree attains 15 to 20 feet in height. One of the most popular evergreens for planting, either as single specimen trees, or in masses for effect or shelter. It is one of the best evergreen hedge plants.

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<tr>
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<td>3 to 4 ft.</td>
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**American Arbor Vitae.**—Much used for hedges, screens, singly on lawns or in tubs for porches. A handsome little tree, and if allowed to grow naturally will be tall and pyramid-shaped. Can be trimmed and kept in any form and height. In summer the foliage is bright green above, yellowish beneath. For single planting:

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**Irish Juniper.**—Very erect and tapering in its growth, forming a column of deep green foliage; a pretty little tree or shrub, and for its beauty and hardi-

The Blue Spruce Ranks First as an Evergreen
Vick’s Hedge Plants

California Privet.—Rapid grower with bright shining leaves. This shrub grows freely in almost any soil, is compact in form and can be trimmed to any desired shape; flowers during June and July. Desirable for hedges.

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>$1.25</td>
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<td>$0.90</td>
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<td>$3.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft.</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
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Berberry Thunbergii.—This shrub we particularly recommend to our patrons for a hedge plant. Its hardiness, bushiness and beautiful foliage promise to make it our most popular hedge. The foliage turns a beautiful copper color in the fall and brilliant fruit remain on all winter.

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Privet is the most popular Hedge Plant and is used extensively all over the country.
RIPE FRUIT FRESH FROM YOUR OWN GARDEN, TASTES BETTER THAN ANY YOU BUY

BARTLETT
is a fine, clear, bright yellow pear, with crimson blush on the sunny side; oblong in shape, and very large. Flesh is white, highly perfumed, buttery, rich vinous flavor, juicy; relished by everyone. A great favorite as a canner, shipper and for home use.

BARTLETT—The very best pear for the Home Garden or the Commercial Orchard
PROGRESSIVE
FALL-BEARING
STRAWBERRIES

Ripe Fruit from
May Until November